Sustainability & life-cycle cost advantage with stainless steel

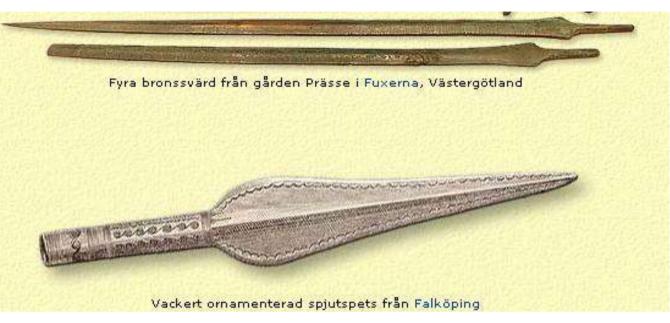
Deepak Vaidya Outokumpu India

2nd April, 2016



Civilization is a Good teacher





The different epochs were named after the material that was used at time





Stone Age 200000 B.C

Bronze Age 3500 B.C



Different epochs in the history of humans



But why change material from Bronze to Iron when Bronze had good enough properties for weapon and hunting?

- Lack of raw material
- •Properties were not good enough for axes, plows and saws.

A revolution was needed!!

Iron Age

500 B.C

What is next epoch?



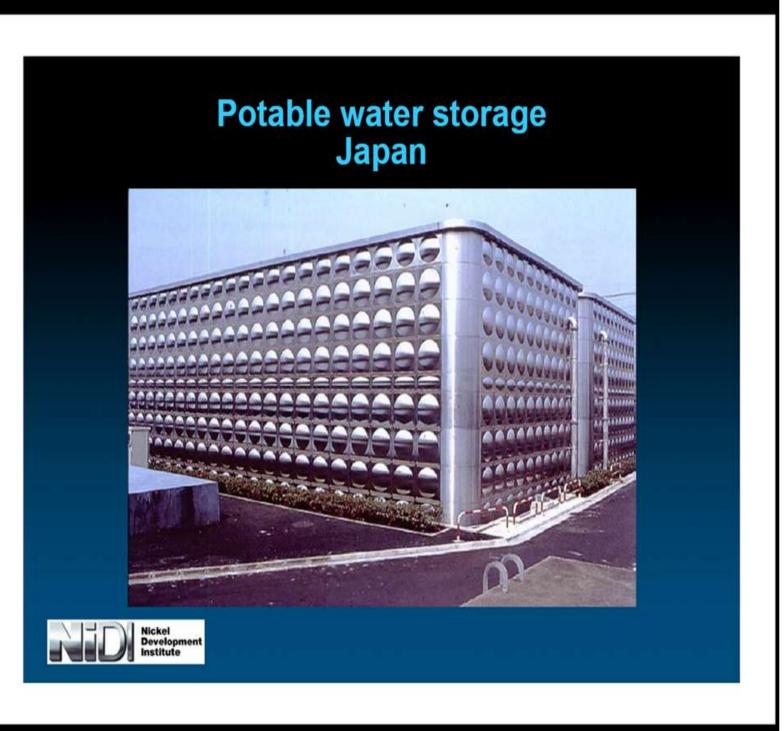
India: Where are we heading?

- Building Infrastructure
- Energy for All the biggest challenge
- Self–Sufficiency in Food Products but Storage and Rotting an issue
- Ensuring PURA vision: Providing Urban facilities in Rural Areas
- Consumers demanding for Aesthetic and Easy to Maintain products with low life cycle cost
- Value Added Products manufactured locally
- What we need?
 - The Engineering fraternity needs to seek products according to the International Standards
 - Preserving Nature, Environment & Role of Green Materials in preserving Ecosystems must not be ignored
 - We must have an open mind to accept new products and applications so that the effect on the environment could be minimized and we build a **Sustainable India**.



CLEAN WATER - OUR RIGHT







Deepak Vaidya 4/5/2016

Municipal water storage tank - Matsuyama, Japan



Nickel Development Institute

side wall: 316



This is not INDIA of our dreams





Heritage: more than 1000 years of life

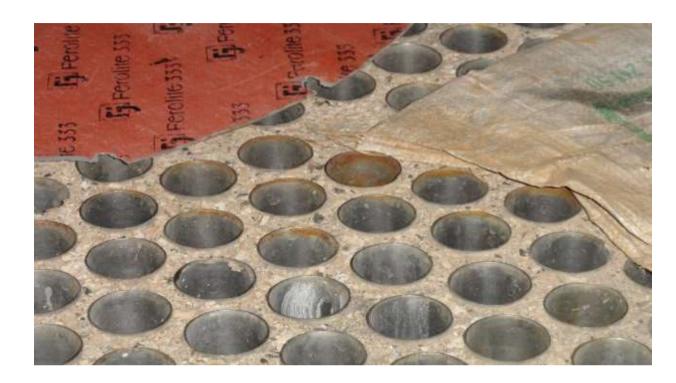




Food .. Let us stop rottening it











11 5 April 2016





Stainless Product Forms



Hot rolled black strip



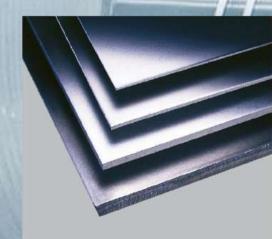
Hot rolled white strip



Cold rolled strip



Precision strip



Quarto plate



Tubes



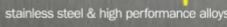
Wire



Long products Semi finished (Bar & Rod)

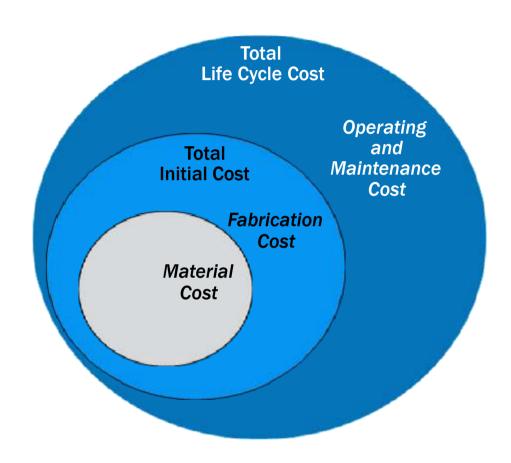
Stainless surface finishes

outokumpu





Thorough LCC analysis with customer





Total initial investment cost

Material cost, welding and assembly cost, surface treatment cost etc.

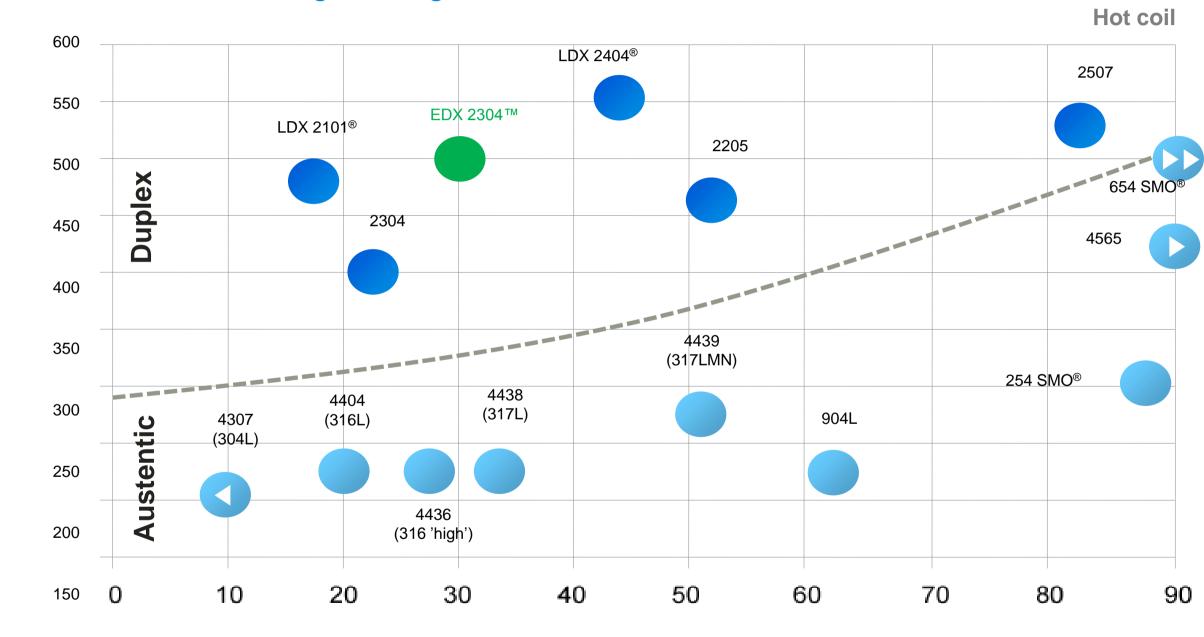
Total life cycle cost

Maintenance cost: Recoating costs, production loss, scrap value etc.



Positioning of Duplex Stainless Steel grades

An excellent combination of high strength and corrosion resistance







R_{p0.2} [MPa]

Austenitic Duplex Output Duplex



The world's first foot bridge in Outokumpu Duplex LDX 2101®

Across the rapids, Likholefossen, Norway - 2004

- Stainless LDX 2101
 - No maintenance
 - Cost efficiency
 - Aesthetics
 - Stiffness
 - Strength= low weight = easy erection (by helicopter)





First stainless railway bridge in the world!

Añorga Bridge - Spain, 2011

Old bridge in carbon steel replaced due to:

- Heavy corrosion damage
- Heavy maintenance demand

New bridge in Duplex LDX 2101

The owner required:

- 120 year design life
- Minimized maintenance
- Light weight (high strength) structure due to access during construction.
- Solution: Outokumpu LDX 2101



The entire truss structure in Duplex LDX 2101, thickness 12-23 mm, 130 tons



Duplex Stainless Steel in Bridges

Over the last 10 years stainless steel has emerged as a material in all areas of bridge construction:

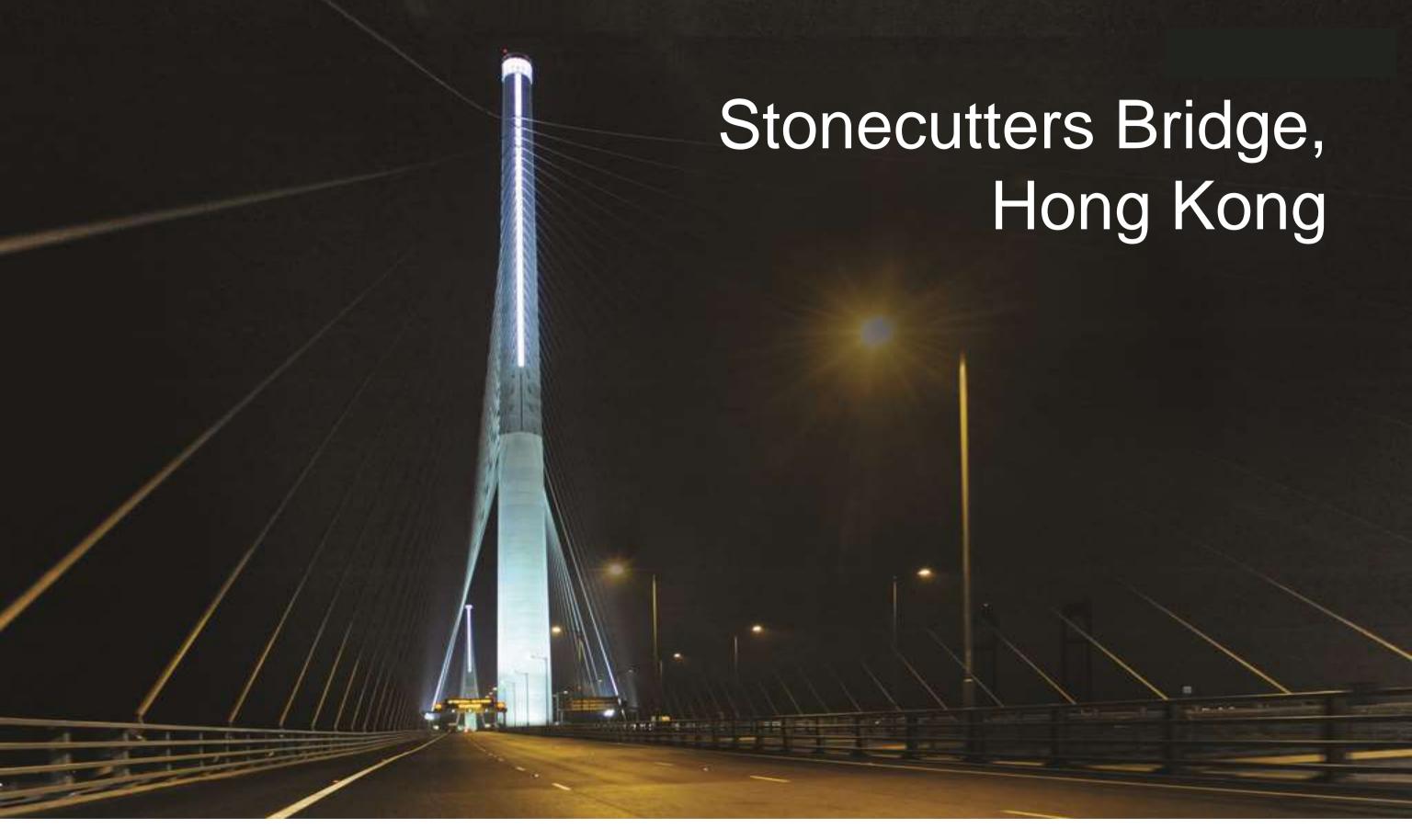
For instance

- Critical components
- Loadbearing structures
- Reinforcement
- Or simply as a material for the complete bridge

During this development one class of stainless steel has come to the forefront... The Duplex Stainless Steels

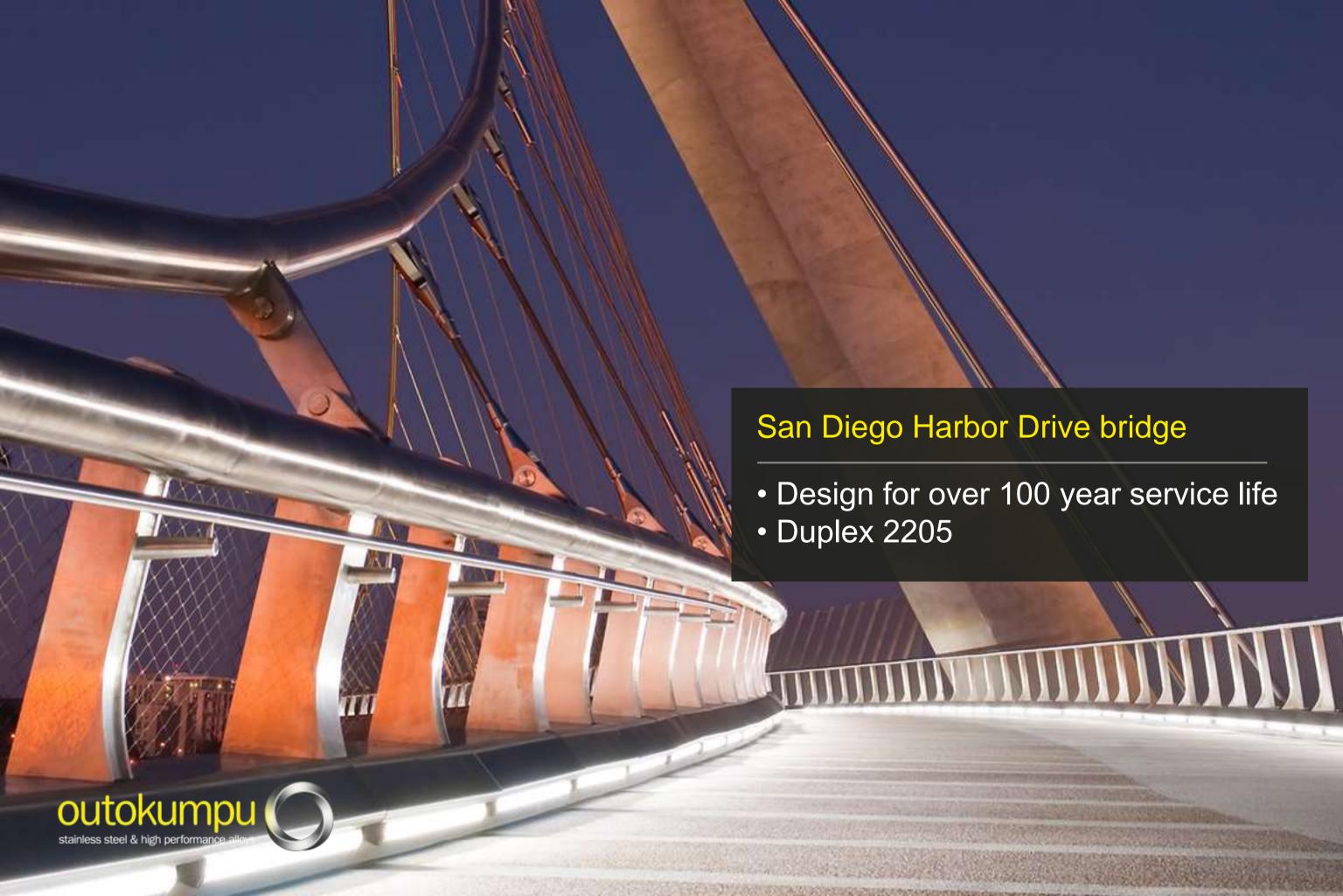


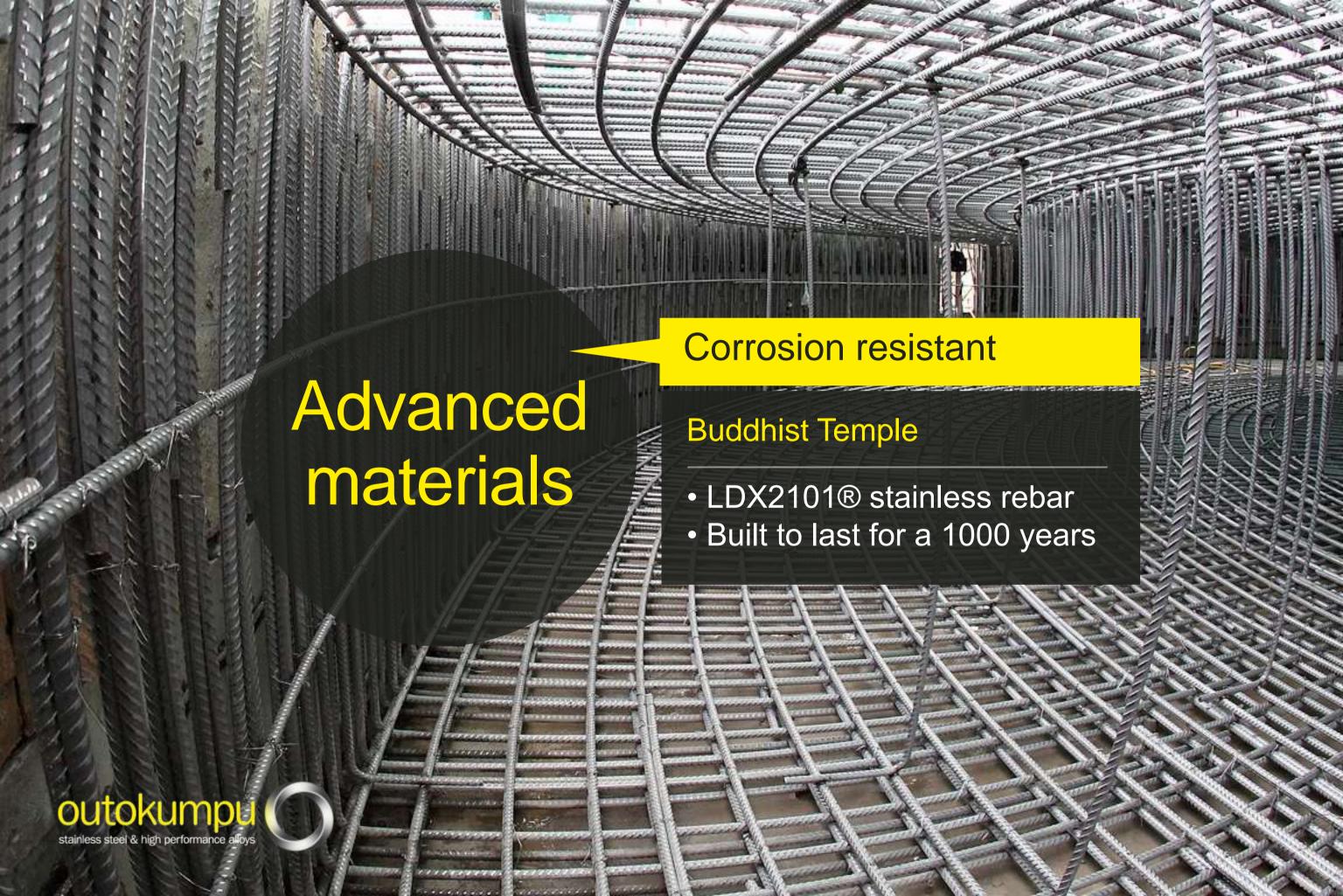












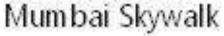




Stainless Steel for Elevated Structures

Skywalk Railings – Safety – light weight structure – low maintenance – elegant look







Stainless steel water bridges in Japan

Lightweight bridges are used to carry potable water and pedestrians across river spans up to 632 m

85% Type 304 10% Type 316 Some 2205 near the coast

First one built: 1983

Max pipe diameter: 0.8 m

Max weight of stainless steel: 45 tons

There are now 2000 - 3000 such bridges in Japan (10,000 tons of stainless steel)

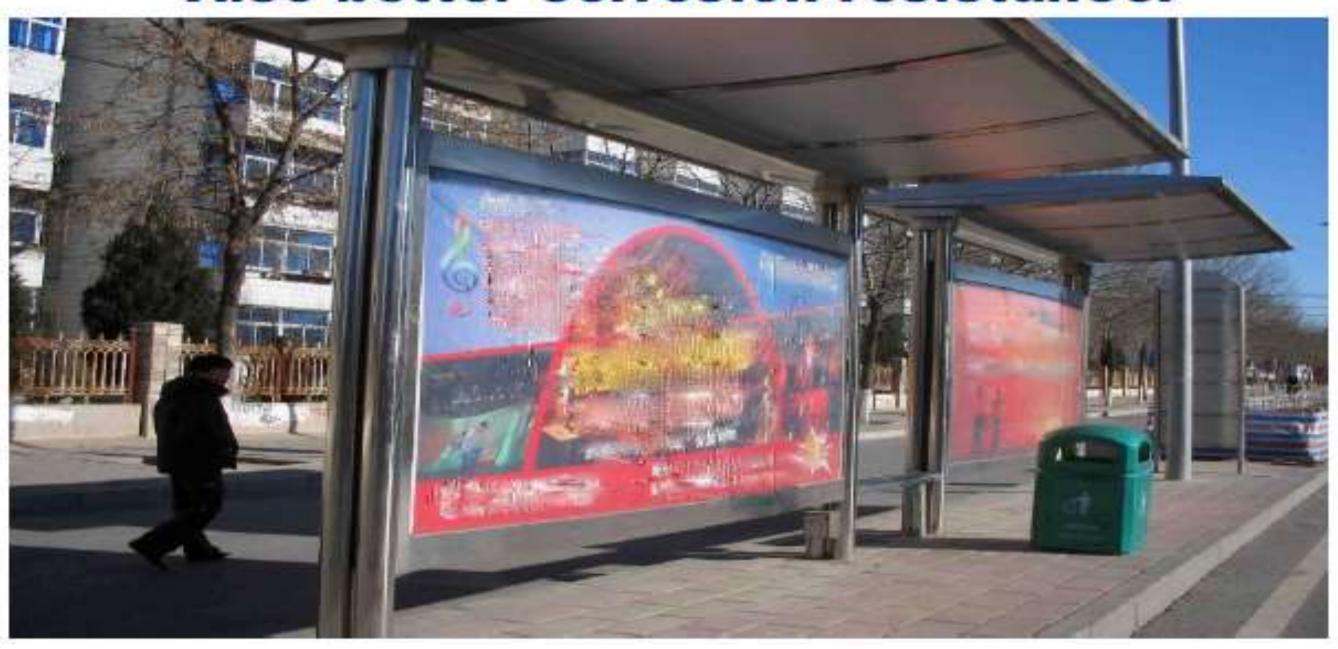




Outokumpu LDX 2101 replacing carbon Steel! Footbridge in India, length 42 meter Calculated safe weight saving is 32%



Bus Shelters, India Outokumpu LDX 2101 versus type 304 Weight saving 20% when selecting LDX 2101 Also better corrosion resistance!



A new Duplex Steel landmark

The Ljunga Bay Bridge in Sölvesborg, Sweden

- 756 m total length, 3,5 m wide
- 3 arches, 60 m span, carrying the higher deck section. Arches made from duplex stainless steel plate LDX2101[®]
- Railings and deck support structure in lean duplex stainless steel LDX2101[®]





Probably the longest pedestrian bridge in Europe



Qatar Foundation New Headquarters



"Outokumpu Added value in a nutshell"



Qatar faculty of Islamic studies Duplex 2304 (1.4362)



Picture courtesy of Mangera yvars architects



Outokumpu leads in sustainability in stainless industry

- Recycled content of Outokumpu steel is 90% against the industry average of 60%.
- Dow Jones Sustainability Index: Outokumpu is an Industry benchmark in environmental dimension; Best environmental score globally.







